

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSFORMATION & SHARED SERVICES Office of Personnel Management Employee Disclosure

Nam	ie:	-					
Section I—Employment Eligibility							
	Yes Yes		No No	Are you a current constitutional officer or legislator? Are you a former constitutional officer or legislator? If yes, please enter below the date you left office:			
	Yes		No	Are you the spouse of a current constitutional officer or legislator? If yes, please enter below the name and office of your spouse:			
	Yes		No	Are you the spouse of a former constitutional officer or legislator? If yes, please enter below the date your spouse left office:			
	Yes		No	Are you a relative of a constitutional officer, legislator, or state employee working at the agency to which you've applied? If yes, please enter below the name and office of the person to whom you are related:			

Section II—Financial Conflicts of Interest

State law restricts employment under certain conditions relating to financial conflicts of interest, both during the time of, and after leaving, state employment. Employees must report any benefit obtained from a state contract by a business in which the employee has a financial interest. A state employee has a financial interest in a business if he or she:

- Has received, within the past year, or is presently or in the future entitled to receive, more than \$1,000 per year, as a result of ownership of any part of the business or any involvement in the business;
- Owns more than a 5% interest in the business; or,
- Holds a position in the business such as an officer, director, trustee, partner, employee, or the like, or holds any position of management.

A state employee is not considered to have a financial interest if the employee's interest in the business has been placed in a disclosed blind trust. Disclosure of financial interests is an ongoing responsibility—disclosure is required within 30 days after an employee has actual or constructive notice of a benefit received or to be received. Any employee who knows or should have known of such a benefit and fails to report it is in breach of state law.

Breaches of state ethics statutes and regulations potentially carry administrative, civil, and criminal remedies. Pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. §§19-11-706 & 712, the State of Arkansas can:

- Issue oral or written employee discipline
- Require forfeiture of pay without suspension
- Suspend employees with or without pay
- Terminate employment
- Recover the value of anything received in breach of ethical standards
- Seek a felony conviction carrying a penalty of up to \$10,000, imprisonment for 1 to 5 years, or both

This form is not an exclusive or exhaustive listing of state employee ethical obligations. Additional obligations regarding financial ethics are included in Ark. Code Ann. §19-11-701 *et seq.*, other sections of the Arkansas Code, and applicable agency policy. The undersigned certifies under penalty of perjury:

I have no financial interests that require disclosure.						
I have the following financial interest that	at requires disclosure:					
Name of Person or Business Involved with State Contract:						
Name of Agency Contracting with Person or Business:						
Dollar Amount of Contract:						
Nature or Extent of Benefit Received or to be Received:						

Section III—Selective Service Status

To be eligible for employment with the State of Arkansas, Ark. Code Ann. §21-3-102 requires you to register, or be exempt from registration, with the Selective Service System.

The undersigned swears or affirms under penalty of perjury that he or she has registered with the Selective Service System, or is exempt from such registration due to the following:

	Applicant Signature Date					
	Other:					
	I am an exempted resident alien					
	I am 26 years of age or older					
	I am under 18 years of age					
	I am a current member of the armed forces on active duty, other than in a reserve of guard unit					
350 350	I am female					